

2507/302

MICROCONTROLLER TECHNOLOGY

June/July 2018

Time: 3 hours



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL
DIPLOMA IN AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING
(AVIONICS OPTION)

MODULE III

MICROCONTROLLER TECHNOLOGY

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

You should have the following for this examination:

Answer booklet;

Non-programmable scientific calculator;

Intel 8051 Microcontroller instrument set.

*This paper consists of **EIGHT** questions.*

*Answer any **FIVE** of the **EIGHT** questions in the answer booklet provided.*

All questions carry equal marks.

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

This paper consists of 9 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

1. X

- (a) Perform the following:
- (i) $(1110\ 1010\ 0111\ 1111)_2$ into hexadecimal;
 - (ii) $(11\ 0011)_2$ into decimal;
 - (iii) $(1010111.101)_2$ into octal;
 - (iv) -27_{10} into 8 - bits two's compliment.

(8 marks)

- (b) Perform the following operations:
- (i) $(1101)_2 \times (111)_2$;
 - (ii) $(1001)_2 \div (10)_2$;
 - (iii) $23D_{16} - 1FE_{16}$.



(6 marks)

(c) Draw a labelled flowchart of micro-controller instruction cycle.

(6 marks)

2. X

(a) Draw programmable logic controller (PLC) symbols for each of the following components:

- (i) normally closed contact;
- (ii) output coil.



(2 marks)

(b) Draw a labelled block diagram of a PLC and state the function of each block.

(9 marks)

(c) A digital control system has two inputs X and Y and three outputs P, Q and R. The relationship between the inputs and outputs are as follows:

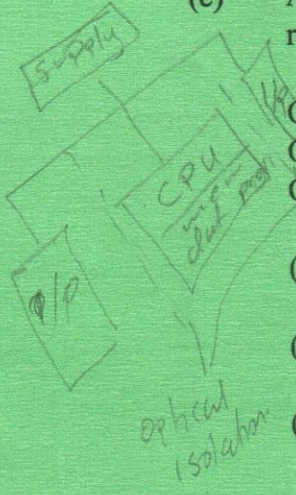
- Output P indicates the absence of both inputs X and Y;
- Output Q indicates the presence of either input;
- Output R indicates the presence of both inputs.

$P = \overline{X} \times \overline{Y}$ *and*
 $Q = X + Y$ *or*
 $R = X \times Y$ *and*

- (i) Draw a truth table to represent these functions;
- (ii) Write the Boolean expressions for the functions;
- (iii) Write instruction list program for output Q.

$(0 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) = 1$

(9 marks)



X	Y	P	Q	R
0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	0	1

X	Y	P	Q	R
0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	0	1

3. (a) Define each of the following terms as used in process control:

- (i) dead time;
- (ii) lag compensation;
- (iii) transient response.

(3 marks)

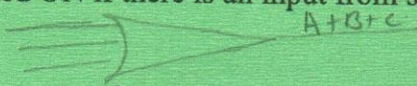
(b) Describe the function(s) of the following Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) components:

- (i) Supervisory computes;
- (ii) Remote Terminal Units (R.T.U); *sensors*
- (iii) Human - Machine Interface (H.M.I);
- (iv) Actuator; *movement or mechanical parts*

(8 marks)

(c) Draw ladder programs for the following:

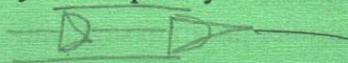
(i) A lamp is switched ON if there is an input from sensor A or sensor B or sensor C.



And gate

or gate

(ii) A battery back-up relay to maintain an output ON, even if the input ceases.



(9 marks)

4. (a) State four features of the 8051 microcontroller.

*4 Reg bank
64 Kb Rom
128 by RAM
216 bit Timer*

(4 marks)

(b) With the aid of a one line instruction, describe the following addressing modes in 8051 microcontroller:

- (i) direct; *MOV R5H, 05H*
- (ii) register indirect; *M0V R0S*
- (iii) index register.

(9 marks)

(c) Write a microcontroller assembly program to subtract 8-bit numbers 3B H from 4F H and exchange the nibbles and multiply the result by 14 H.

(7 marks)

5. (a) With an aid of an example, describe three microcontroller instruction groups.

(9 marks)

*D -> data handling
A -> Arithmetic L U
C -> Control flow
C -> Complex ins
C -> Complex inst
Core processor*

*00111011
- 01001111

11110100
F,4*

Turn over

Mult 4FH, 14H

(b) For each of the following 8051 microcontroller pins, state their function:

(i) \overline{RD} ;

(ii) \overline{WR} ;

(iii) $\overline{INT1}$;

(iv) TXD;

(v) RXT.

(5 marks)

(c) Draw the memory maps for the intel 8051 microcontroller and describe each memory type. (6 marks)

6. (a) Describe each of the modes of 8051 Timer operations:

(i) mode 0;

(ii) mode 1;

(iii) mode 2;

(iv) mode 3.

(4 marks)

(b) Table 2 shows intel 8051 microcontroller program segment:

Table 2

Instruction	
MOV 45 H; # 20 H	
MOV A, # 45 H	2
MOV R 0, A	1
MOV A, @ RO	1
MOV R1 # 09 H	2
ADD A, R 1	1

(i) Draw its trace table;

(ii) Determine the total number of bytes for the machine program. (10 marks)

7 bytes

(c) Write an assembly program to generate a BCD up counter and send each count to port 1. (6 marks)

7. (a) State:

(i) **three** merits of using robots in industries;

(ii) **three** types of sensors used in robotics. (6 marks)

(b) A 12-bit BCD digital - to - analog converter has a step - size of 12 mV. Determine its:

(i) full scale output;

(ii) percentage resolution. (6 marks)

(c) Figure 1 shows an 8051 microcontroller connected to a digital ramp Analogue to Digital Converter (ADC) for data acquisition.

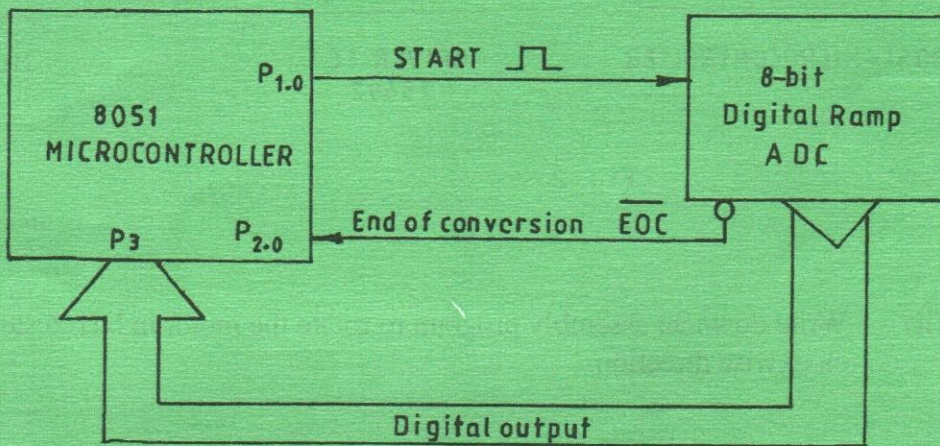


Fig. 1

Write an assembly language program to control the ADC. (8 marks)

8. (a) Describe the function of the following microcontroller software development tools:

(i) assembler;

(ii) compiler;

(iii) linker;

(iv) editor. (8 marks)

- (b) (i) Figure 2 shows a stepper motor interfaced to an intel 8051 microcontroller. Describe how the motor is controlled to step in clockwise direction.

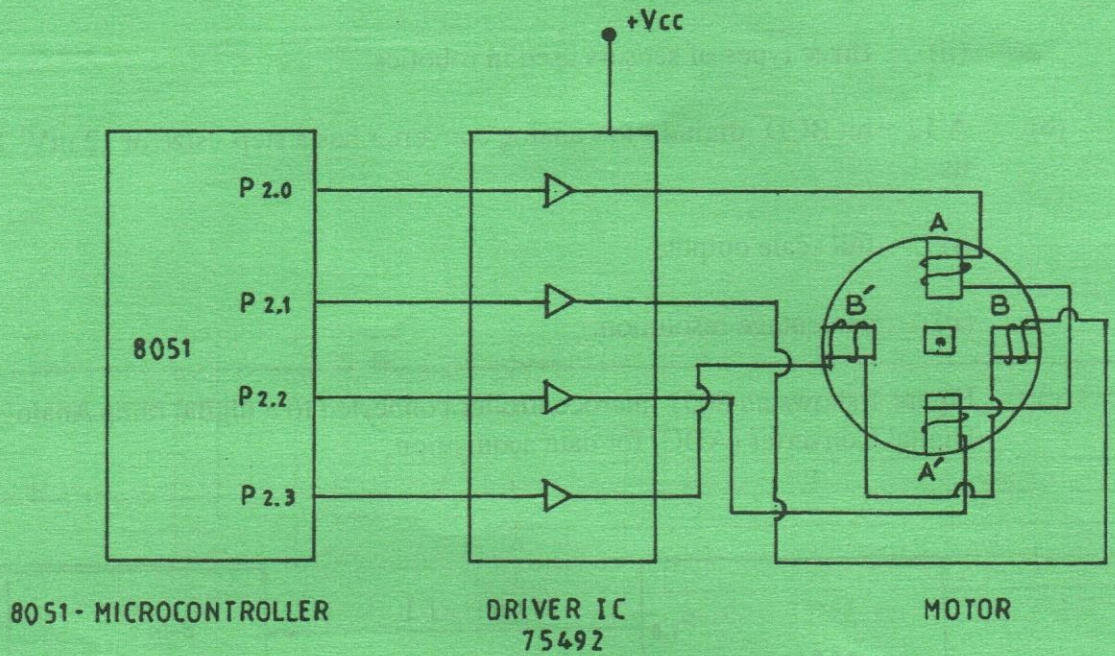


Fig. 2

- (ii) Write down an assembly program to rotate the motor in b (i) 6 steps in clockwise direction. (12 marks)

Hex Code	Number of Bytes	Mnemonic	Operands
00	1	NOP	
01	2	AJMP	code addr
02	3	LJMP	code addr
03	1	RR	A
04	1	INC	A
05	2	INC	data addr
06	1	INC	@R0
07	1	INC	@R1
08	1	INC	R0
09	1	INC	R1
0A	1	INC	R2
0B	1	INC	R3
0C	1	INC	R4
0D	1	INC	R5
0E	1	INC	R6
0F	1	INC	R7
10	3	JBC	bit addr, code addr
11	2	ACALL	code addr
12	3	LCALL	code addr
13	1	RRC	A
14	1	DEC	A
15	2	DEC	data addr
16	1	DEC	@R0
17	1	DEC	@R1
18	1	DEC	R0
19	1	DEC	R1
1A	1	DEC	R2
1B	1	DEC	R3
1C	1	DEC	R4
1D	1	DEC	R5
1E	1	DEC	R6
1F	1	DEC	R7
20	3	JB	bit addr, code addr
21	2	AJMP	code addr
22	1	RET	
23	1	RL	A
24	2	ADD	A,#data
25	2	ADD	A,data addr
26	1	ADD	A,@R0
27	1	ADD	A,@R1
28	1	ADD	A,R0
29	1	ADD	A,R1
2A	1	ADD	A,R2
2B	1	ADD	A,R3
2C	1	ADD	A,R4
2D	1	ADD	A,R5
2E	1	ADD	A,R6

2F	1	ADD	A,R7
30	3	JNB	bit addr, code addr
31	2	ACALL	code addr
32	1	RETI	
33	1	RLC	A
34	2	ADDC	A,#data
35	2	ADDC	A,data addr
36	1	ADDC	A,@R0
37	1	ADDC	A,@R1
38	1	ADDC	A,R0
39	1	ADDC	A,R1
3A	1	ADDC	A,R2
3B	1	ADDC	A,R3
3C	1	ADDC	A,R4
3D	1	ADDC	A,R5
3E	1	ADDC	A,R6
3F	1	ADDC	A,R7
40	2	JC	code addr
41	2	AJMP	code addr
42	2	ORL	data addr,A
43	3	ORL	data addr,#data
44	2	ORL	A,#data
45	2	ORL	A,data addr
46	1	ORL	A,@R0
47	1	ORL	A,@R1
48	1	ORL	A,R0
49	1	ORL	A,R1
4A	1	ORL	A,R2
4B	1	ORL	A,R3
4C	1	ORL	A,R4
4D	1	ORL	A,R5
4E	1	ORL	A,R6
4F	1	ORL	A,R7
50	2	JNC	code addr
51	2	ACALL	code addr
52	2	ANL	data addr,A
53	3	ANL	data addr,#data
54	2	ANL	A,#data
55	2	ANL	A,data addr
56	1	ANL	A,@R0
57	1	ANL	A,@R1
58	1	ANL	A,R0
59	1	ANL	A,R1
5A	1	ANL	A,R2
5B	1	ANL	A,R3
5C	1	ANL	A,R4
5D	1	ANL	A,R5
5E	1	ANL	A,R6
5F	1	ANL	A,R7
60	2	JZ	code addr
61	2	AJMP	code addr

8051 OpCodes en Hexadecimal.

62	2	XRL	data addr,A
63	3	XRL	data addr,#data
64	2	XRL	A,#data
65	2	XRL	A,data addr
66	1	XRL	A,@R0
67	1	XRL	A,@R1
68	1	XRL	A,R0
69	1	XRL	A,R1
6A	1	XRL	A,R2
6B	1	XRL	A,R3
6C	1	XRL	A,R4
6D	1	XRL	A,R5
6E	1	XRL	A,R6
6F	1	XRL	A,R7
70	2	JNZ	code addr
71	2	ACALL	code addr
72	2	ORL	C,bit addr
73	1	JMP	@A+DPTR
74	2	MOV	A,#data
75	3	MOV	data addr,#data
76	2	MOV	@R0,#data
77	2	MOV	@R1,#data
78	2	MOV	R0,#data
79	2	MOV	R1,#data
7A	2	MOV	R2,#data
7B	2	MOV	R3,#data
7C	2	MOV	R4,#data
7D	2	MOV	R5,#data
7E	2	MOV	R6,#data
7F	2	MOV	R7,#data
80	2	SJMP	code addr
81	2	AJMP	code addr
82	2	ANL	C,bit addr
83	1	MOVC	A,@A+PC
84	1	DIV	AB
85	3	MOV	data addr, data addr
86	2	MOV	data addr,@R0
87	2	MOV	data addr,@R1
88	2	MOV	data addr,R0
89	2	MOV	data addr,R1
8A	2	MOV	data addr,R2
8B	2	MOV	data addr,R3
8C	2	MOV	data addr,R4
8D	2	MOV	data addr,R5
8E	2	MOV	data addr,R6
8F	2	MOV	data addr,R7
90	3	MOV	DPTR,#data
91	2	ACALL	code addr
92	2	MOV	bit addr,C
93	1	MOVC	A,@A+DPTR
94	2	SUBB	A,#data

95	2	SUBB	A,data addr
96	1	SUBB	A,@R0
97	1	SUBB	A,@R1
98	1	SUBB	A,R0
99	1	SUBB	A,R1
9A	1	SUBB	A,R2
9B	1	SUBB	A,R3
9C	1	SUBB	A,R4
9D	1	SUBB	A,R5
9E	1	SUBB	A,R6
9F	1	SUBB	A,R7
A0	2	ORL	C,bit addr
A1	2	AJMP	code addr
A2	2	MOV	C,bit addr
A3	1	INC	DPTR
A4	1	MUL	AB
A5		reserved	
A6	2	MOV	@R0,data addr
A7	2	MOV	@R1,data addr
A8	2	MOV	R0,data addr
A9	2	MOV	R1,data addr
AA	2	MOV	R2,data addr
AB	2	MOV	R3,data addr
AC	2	MOV	R4,data addr
AD	2	MOV	R5,data addr
AE	2	MOV	R6,data addr
AF	2	MOV	R7,data addr
B0	2	ANL	C,bit addr
B1	2	ACALL	code addr
B2	2	CPL	bit addr
B3	1	CPL	C
B4	3	CJNE	A,#data,code addr
B5	3	CJNE	A,data addr,code addr
B6	3	CJNE	@R0,#data,code addr
B7	3	CJNE	@R1,#data,code addr
B8	3	CJNE	R0,#data,code addr
B9	3	CJNE	R1,#data,code addr
BA	3	CJNE	R2,#data,code addr
BB	3	CJNE	R3,#data,code addr
BC	3	CJNE	R4,#data,code addr
BD	3	CJNE	R5,#data,code addr
BE	3	CJNE	R6,#data,code addr
BF	3	CJNE	R7,#data,code addr
C0	2	PUSH	data addr
C1	2	AJMP	code addr
C2	2	CLR	bit addr
C3	1	CLR	C
C4	1	SWAP	A
C5	2	XCH	A,data addr
C6	1	XCH	A,@R0
C7	1	XCH	A,@R1

C8	1	XCH	A,R0
C9	1	XCH	A,R1
CA	1	XCH	A,R2
CB	1	XCH	A,R3
CC	1	XCH	A,R4
CD	1	XCH	A,R5
CE	1	XCH	A,R6
CF	1	XCH	A,R7
D0	2	POP	data addr
D1	2	ACALL	code addr
D2	2	SETB	bit addr
D3	1	SETB	C
D4	1	DA	A
D5	3	DJNZ	data addr,code addr
D6	1	XCHD	A,@R0
D7	1	XCHD	A,@R1
D8	2	DJNZ	R0,code addr
D9	2	DJNZ	R1,code addr
DA	2	DJNZ	R2,code addr
DB	2	DJNZ	R3,code addr
DC	2	DJNZ	R4,code addr
DD	2	DJNZ	R5,code addr
DE	2	DJNZ	R6,code addr
DF	2	DJNZ	R7,code addr
E0	1	MOVX	A,@DPTR
E1	2	AJMP	code addr
E2	1	MOVX	A,@R0
E3	1	MOVX	A,@R1
E4	1	CLR	A
E5	2	MOV	A,data addr
E6	1	MOV	A,@R0
E7	1	MOV	A,@R1
E8	1	MOV	A,R0
E9	1	MOV	A,R1
EA	1	MOV	A,R2
EB	1	MOV	A,R3
EC	1	MOV	A,R4
ED	1	MOV	A,R5
EE	1	MOV	A,R6
EF	1	MOV	A,R7
F0	1	MOVX	@DPTR,A
F1	2	ACALL	code addr
F2	1	MOVX	@R0,A
F3	1	MOVX	@R1,A
F4	1	CPL	A
F5	2	MOV	data addr,A
F6	1	MOV	@R0,A
F7	1	MOV	@R1,A
F8	1	MOV	R0,A
F9	1	MOV	R1,A
FA	1	MOV	R2,A

FB	1	MOV	R3,A
FC	1	MOV	R4,A
FD	1	MOV	R5,A
FE	1	MOV	R6,A
FF	1	MOV	R7,A

Instruction Opcodes in Hexadecimal Order

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