

## EAST AFRICAN SCHOOL OF AVIATION EXAMINATION

## END TERM II EXAMS

## ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS I <br> DIPLOMA IN AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING AVIONICS

STREAM: Module I (TELS)

Duration: 3 Hrs
DAY/DATE: 04/04/2017
TIME: 9.00-12.00PM
INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES
You should have the following for this examination:
i) Answer booklet
ii) Mathematical table/ scientific calculator

Answer ANY THREE QUESTIONS IN SECTION A and ANY TWO IN SECTION B in this paper All questions carry equal marks.
Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown

This paper consists of Four (4) printed pages.
Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

## SECTION A: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS I <br> Answer any FIVE questions.

1. (a) (i) Evaluate

$$
\frac{4+j 6}{6-j 4}
$$

(ii) Express $z=4+j 5$ in polar form
(iii) Represent the complex number $3+j 2$ in an argand diagram ( $\mathbf{1 0}$ marks)
(b) Express $\sin ^{7} \theta$ in terms of $\sin n \theta$
2. (a) Work out for $\mathrm{x} \log _{16} x+\log _{8} x+\log _{4} x+\log _{2} \mathrm{x}=\frac{25}{3}$
(b) Solve the following quadratic equations;
i. $\quad x^{2}-2 x+1=0$ (Factorization)
ii. $x^{2}-4 x-3=0$ (completing the square method)
iii. $\quad x^{3}-5 x^{2}-2 x+24=0$
3. (a) Prove the following trigonometric identities
i. $\frac{2 \tan \theta}{1+\tan ^{2} \theta}=2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$
ii. $\left(\frac{\csc \theta+\cot \theta}{\tan \theta+\sec \theta}\right) \tan \theta=\frac{\cos \theta+1}{\sin \theta+1}$
(b) Solve the following trigonometric equation

$$
3 \sin ^{2} 3 \theta+2 \sin 3 \theta-1=0 \text { for } 0 \leq \theta \leq 360^{\circ}
$$

(c) Simplify the following
i. $\quad \sin 25^{\circ} \cos 92^{\circ}+\cos 25^{\circ} \sin 92^{\circ}$;
ii. $\quad \cos 64^{\circ} \cos 12^{0}+\sin 64^{\circ} \sin 12^{\circ}$;
iii. $\quad 2 \sin 72^{0} \cos 72^{0}$
iv. $1-\sin ^{2} 40^{0}$
4. (a) Solve the following equations
i. $\quad 5.2^{2 x-1}=3^{x+2}$
ii. $\frac{\log _{5} 125}{\log _{16} 243}$
(5marks)
(b) Prove that for a quadratic equation $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$ solution of x is given by $\quad x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2}-4 a c}}{2 a}$
(5 marks)
(c) Find the polar co-ordinates equivalent to Cartesian co-ordinates of $(-12,-5)$
(4 marks)
(d) Calculate the five roots of $\left(4 \angle 21^{\circ}\right)^{-\frac{2}{5}}$ in the $a+j b$ form, correct to four decimal places.
(6 marks)
5. (a) Differentiate $y=\frac{4 \cos x}{6 x^{4}}$
(5 marks)
(b) (i) given that $P e^{x}+Q e^{-x}=3 \cosh x-4 \sinh x$, determine the values of P and Q
(ii) Prove that

$$
2 \cosh ^{2} \theta-1=\cosh 2 \theta
$$

(8 marks)
(c) Evaluate

$$
\int_{0}^{1} \frac{-\left(4 x^{2}+9 x+8\right.}{(x+1)^{2}(x+2)} d x \text { correct to four decimal places using partial fractions }
$$

6. (a) Write the identities connecting hyperbolic functions corresponding to:
(i) $\sec ^{2} \theta=1+\tan ^{2} \theta$
(ii) $\operatorname{cosec}^{2} \theta=1+\cot ^{2} \theta$
(b) Express $\cos 3 \theta$ in terms of powers of $\cos \theta$.
(c) Find the polar co-ordinates equivalent to Cartesian co-ordinates of (12,-7)
(d) The resonant frequency of a vibrating shaft is given by $f=\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{\left(\frac{k}{I}\right)}$, where k is the stiffness and $I$ is the inertia of the shaft. Using binomial expansion, determine the approximate percentage error in determining the frequency using the
measured values of $k$ and $I$, when the measured value of $k$ is $3 \%$ too large and the measured value of I is $1.5 \%$ too small.
(e) Determine the values of $\frac{d y}{d x}$ and $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}$ for the cycloid $x=3(\theta-\sin \theta), y=3(1-\cos \theta) \quad$ at the point $\theta=\frac{\pi}{3}$
7. (a) In how many ways can five beads, chosen from eight different beads be threaded on to a ring.
(4 marks)
(b) Show that $\frac{d(\arctan x)}{d x}=\frac{1}{1+x^{2}}$
(4 marks)
(c) Differentiate from first principles $f(x)=\frac{1}{5 x+3}$
(6 marks)
(d) The pressure p and volume V of a gas are related by the equation $p V^{1.4}=C$. Find the approximate percentage change in C when the pressure is increased by 2.3 percent and the volume is decreased by 0.84 percent.
8. (a) Prove the identity $\cosh ^{2} x-\sinh ^{2} x=1$
(b) Solve the equation $\tan \theta=2 \sin \theta$,for values of $\theta$ from $0^{\circ} t o 360^{\circ}$ inclusive.
(c) Derive the term containing $y^{12}$ in the expansion of $\left(y^{2}-\frac{x}{4}\right)^{10}$
(d) Find the stationary points of the surface $z=2 x^{3}-3 x y+\frac{3}{4} y^{2}$ and determine their nature.
