2507/205 MEASUREMENT TECHNOLOGY Oct./Nov. 2023

Time: 3 hours



## THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

## DIPLOMA IN AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (AVIONICS OPTION)

## **MODULE II**

MEASUREMENT TECHNOLOGY

3 hours

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

You should have the following for this examination:

Answer booklet:

Drawing instruments;

Non-programmable scientific calculator.

This paper consists of EIGHT questions.

Answer any FIVE of the EIGHT questions in the answer booklet provided.

All questions carry equal marks.

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as indicated.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

This paper consists of 6 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

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Turn over

- 1. (a) Explain each of the following dynamic characteristics of instruments:
  - (i) fidelity;
  - (ii) dynamic error;
  - (iii) response time.

(6 marks)

- (b) A 0 200 V voltmeter has a guaranteed accuracy of 1.5 percent of full scale reading. If the measured voltage is 100 V, determine the:
  - (i) relative error;
  - (ii) percentage limiting error.

(7 marks)

- (c) With the aid of a labelled diagram, explain the operation of a toothed rotor tachometer generator. (7 marks)
- 2. (a) List three features of pressure in a fluid.

(3 marks)

(b) Figure 1 shows a schematic diagram of a tube and well manometer. Derive an expression for h2 in terms of P<sub>1</sub> and P<sub>2</sub>. (6 marks)

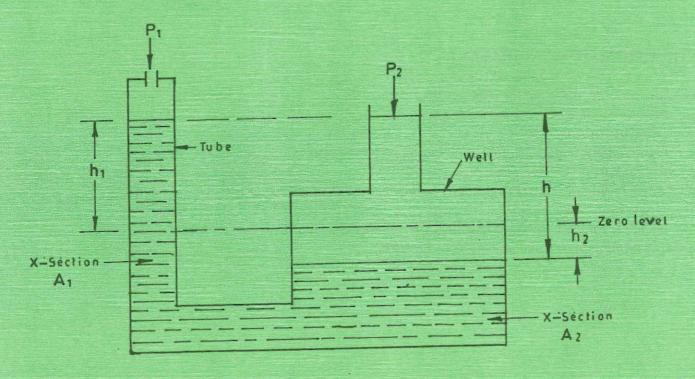


Fig 1

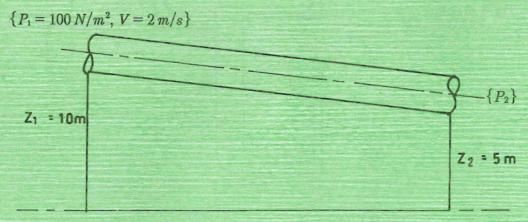
- (c) With the aid of a labelled diagram, explain the calibration of a pressure measuring instrument using the dead weight tester. (8 marks)
- (d) List **three** features of metallic diaphragms when used in pressure measurements. (3 marks)
- 3. (a) With the aid of a labelled diagram, explain the operation of cable and counter float method of level measurements in a liquid. (8 marks)
  - (b) When measuring level of a liquid of specific gravity 3 and height of 4 m, the gravity force was 10 kg. Determine the pressure at this height. (2 marks)
  - (c) List four features of bimetallic thermometer.

(4 marks)

- (d) A bimetallic thermometer in a circuit uses a chromel-alumel thermocouple which gives an emf of 33.3 V when measuring a temperature of 800 °C with reference temperature being 0 °C. The resistance of the meter coil, Rm is  $50 \Omega$  and a current of 0.1 mA gives full scale deflection. The resistance  $R_e$  of junctions and leads is 12  $\Omega$ . Determine the:
  - (i) resistance of series resistor if a temperature of 800 °C is to give full scale deflection.
  - (ii) approximate % error due to change of 1  $\Omega$  in  $R_e$ .

(6 marks)

- 4. (a) (i) State three energy components of a flowing liquid.
  - (ii) Figure 2 shows an inclined pipe with liquid flowing through it. Determine the pressure at point P<sub>2</sub>.(6 marks)



take  $\beta = 1 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ Z = height from datum level

Fig. 2

(b) With the aid of a labelled diagram, describe the rotating impeller gas meter.

(7 marks)

- (c) (i) State two merits of LVDT accelerometer.
  - (ii) An LVDT accelerometer has a signal output of 0.31 mV/mm with a  $\pm 20 \, mm$  core displacement. If the spring constant is 240 N/m and the core mass is 0.06 kg, determine the:
    - (I) natural frequency;
    - (II) maximum acceleration;
    - (III) sensitivity of accelerometer.

(7 marks)

- 5. (a) (i) State three causes that may reduce the sensitivity of a force balance differential pressure cell.
  - (ii) Figure 3 shows a force balance pneumatic differential pressure cell. Describe its operation.

(7 marks)

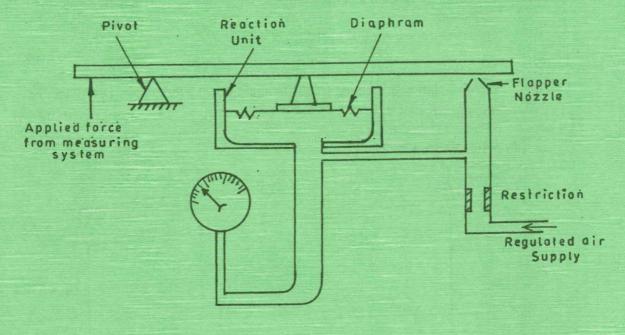


Fig. 3

- (b) (i) State three properties of sealing liquid used in manometer.
  - (ii) With the aid of a diagram, explain the operation of bourdon tube pressure gauge. (7 marks)
- (c) With the aid of a labelled diagram, explain the operation of a hydraulic load cell. (6 marks)

- 6. (a) (i) Draw a labelled block diagram of an optical measurement link.
  - (ii) State three optical sources of radiation.

(7 marks)

- (b) With the aid of a diagram, describe the operation of photo conductive cell as a photo detector. (7 marks)
- (c) A photovoltaic cell produces 0.4 V on open circuit when illuminated by 15 w/m<sup>2</sup> radiant incidence. Determine the open circuit voltage when illuminated by incident radiation of 30 w/m<sup>2</sup>. (3 marks)
- (d) List three different combinations of material used in optical fibre construction.

(3 marks)

- 7. (a) With the aid of a diagram, explain the operation of Golay pneumatic detector for infrared spectrum. (7 marks)
  - (b) Figure 4 shows a schematic diagram of a coincidence range finder.

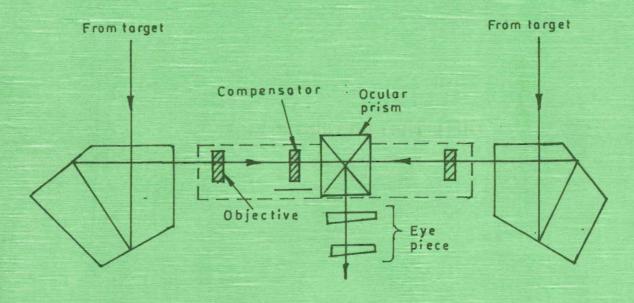


Fig. 4

- (i) explain its operation;
- (ii) list four applications of the range finders.

(9 marks)

(c) State four x-ray detectors.

(4 marks)

- 8. (a) State three industrial applications of ultrasonic waves. (3 marks)
  - (b) (i) List three advantages of ultrasonic flowmeter over other types.
    - (ii) With the aid of a diagram, explain the doppler effect in flow measurement. (10 marks)
  - (c) When measuring flow using ultrasonic method, the following parameters were obtained;
    - -transmitter frequency = 20 kHz
    - -receiver frequency = 35 kHz.
    - -Speed of sound in fluid is 2 m/s and the velocity of liquid is 3 m/s.

Determine the angle of inclination of the ultrasonic ray during measurement.

(5 marks)

(d) State two advantages of hydraulic systems over pneumatic systems. (2 marks)

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