2506/301 2507/301 INDUSTRIAL ORGANISATION AND MANAGEMENT June/ July 2023 Time: 3 hours



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

DIPLOMA IN AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (AIRFRAMES AND ENGINES OPTION) (AVIONICS OPTION)

MODULE III

INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

You should have the following for this examination
Non-programmable electronic calculator
Answer booklet.
This paper consists of **Eight** questions.

Answer any FIVE questions in the answer booklet provided.

All questions carry equal marks.

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

This paper consists of 4 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

1.	(a)	Explain four essentials of a good filing system:	(8 marks		
	(b)	(i) Describe 'informal organization'.			
		(ii) Explain two merits of informal organization.	(6 marks		
	(c)	An aeronautical engineering company plans to sell some items in an area. Each item is purchased at Ksh. 500 on condition that all the unsold items will returned to the manufacturer. The rent for the building is Ksh.200,000 and th selling price for each item is Ksh. 900. Determine the number of items which must be sold to:			
		(i) break-even;			
		(ii) earn a profit of Ksh. 40,000.	(6 marks		
2.	(a)	Explain each of the following types of plant maintenance:			
		(i) breakdown; (ii) predictive; (iii) routine.	(6 marks)		
	(b)	Outline five objectives of 'method study'.	(5 marks)		
	(c)	Highlight five benefits of engaging employees in decision making.	(5 marks)		
	(d)	Distinguish between complementary goods and substitute goods.	(4 marks)		
3.	(a)	State six characteristics of mass production.	(6 marks)		
	(b)	Outline four objectives of plant maintenance.	(4 marks)		
	(c)	Explain three benefits of using the contract method of procurement to an organization.	(6 marks)		
	(d)	Distinguish between reliability and durability of an equipment as used in	(4 marks)		

4. (a) Explain **four** limitations of internal staff recruitment.

(8 marks)

(b) Table 1 shows time study data of a job operation with four elements and four cycles.

Table 1

Job Flowanta	Cycle in time (minutes)				
Job Elements	1	2	3	4	
A	2.40	2.80	3.20	2.10	
В	4.00	4.20	3.00	4.80	
C	2.60	3.20	2.80	2.60	
D	2.00	2.80	2.20	2.40	

Additional information:

- Activity B is machine controlled.
- Allowance; fatigue 9%, interruption 2%, inspection 1%.
- Performance rating is 112%

Determine the:

- (i) basic time;
- (ii) standard time.

(9 marks)

(c) State three features of land as a factor of production.

(3 marks)

5. (a) Explain four reasons that may make managers to be reluctant to delegate authority.

(8 marks)

(b) Outline four factors that influence elasticity of supply of a product.

(4 marks)

(c) Explain **four** principles of scientific theory of management by FW Taylor.

(8 marks)

6. (a) Distinguish between lead time and re-order quantity as used in stock control.

(4 marks)

(b) Table 2 shows the consumption of material 'P' in a certain warehouse.

Table 2

Descriptions	Quantity/duration
Minimum consumption	6,000 units
Maximum consumption	9,000 units
Re-order period	3-5 weeks
Re-order quantity	32,000 units

Determine the:

- (i) Re-order level;
- (ii) Minimum stock level;
- (iii) Maximum stock level;
- (iv) Average stock level.

(10 marks)

- (c) (i) Define an enclosed office.
 - (ii) Outline five advantages of an enclosed office.

(6 marks)

- 7. (a) (i) Define a centralized store.
 - (ii) State three limitations of a centralized store.

(4 marks)

- (b) Explain three causes of industrial disputes in an organization.
- (6 marks)

(c) Describe the stages of product design and development.

- (10 marks)
- 8. (a) Highlight four objectives of production planning and control.

(4 marks)

- (b) Outline four functions of the maintenance department in an organization.
- (4 marks)

- (c) With the aid of illustrations, explain each of the following:
 - (i) shifts in the supply curve;
 - (ii) movement along the supply curve

(8 marks)

- (d) Explain each of the following types of costs as used in cost estimation:
 - (i) Direct method;
 - (ii) Indirect labour.

(4 marks)

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