2506/106 2507/106 AIRFRAME STRUCTURES, AIRFIELD SAFETY AND PROCEDURES Oct./Nov. 2022 Time: 3 hours



#### THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

# DIPLOMA IN AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (AIRFRAMES AND ENGINES OPTION) (AVIONICS OPTION)

### **MODULE I**

AIRFRAME STRUCTURES, AIRFIELD SAFETY AND PROCEDURES

3 hours

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

You should have the following for this examination:

Answer booklet:

Drawing instruments;

Mathematical tables/ Non-programmable scientific calculator.

This paper consists of EIGHT questions in THREE sections; A, B and C.

Answer THREE questions in section A, ONE questions in section B and ONE question from section C.

All questions carry equal marks.

Maximum marks for each question are as shown.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

This paper consists of 3 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

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## SECTION A: AIRFRAME STRUCTURES

Answer THREE questions from this section.

1.	(a)	With the aid of labelled sketches, describe the forces that act on an aircraft in flight. (10 marks)				
	(b)	(i) With the aid of a labelled sketch, describe the construction of a semi-monoco fuselage. (8 ma				
		(ii) Outline two advantages of a semi-monocoque fuselage construction. (2 ma	arks)			
2.	(a)	Outline four factors considered when determining the repairability of a sheet metal structure. (2 ma	arks)			
	(b)	Discuss the classification of damages. (18 ma	arks)			
3.	(a)	Explain the effect of activation of five types of tabs. $(7\frac{1}{2} \text{ mass})$	urks)			
	(b)	With the aid of sketches, discuss each of the following control surfaces:				
		(i) winglet; $(3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ma})$ (ii) vortex generator; (5 ma) (iii) stall fence. (4 ma)	irks)			
4.	(a)	Outline the checks carried out on a helicopter after rigging of the flight controls.  (8 ma	arks)			
	(b)	Discuss each of the following helicopter controls:				
		(i) swash plate assembly; (7 ma (ii) anti-torque pedals. (5 ma				
		SECTION B: AERODYNAMICS				
Answer ONE question from this section.						
5.	(a)	Explain <b>five</b> causes of wind with reference to the atmosphere. (10 mag)	arks)			
	(b)	With the aid of sketches, differentiate between airflow over each of the following boshapes:	ody			
		(i) flat plate and sphere; (ii) ovoid and streamlined. (4 ma	arke)			
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	(c)	Describe the development of boundary layer from laminar to turbulent.	(6 marks)		
6.	(a)	With the aid of labelled graphs, explain the relationship between the:			
		(i) coefficient of lift and the angle of attack;			
		(ii) angle of attack and center of pressure position.	(10		
			(12 marks)		
	(b)	Air is moving through an aircraft engine at 40 m/s, the engine having an effective area			
		of 300 m <sup>2</sup> . Determine the mass flow rate through the engine.	(4 marks)		
	(c)	Describe how an aircraft reciprocating engine generates thrust.	(4 marks)		
		SECTION C: AIRFIELD SAFETY AND PROCEDURES			
		Answer ONE question from this section.			
7.	(a)	A technician falls from a crane in an aircraft hangar and suffers a fracture. leader:	As the team		
		(i) outline five signs and symptoms you would look out for to confirm	a fracture; (5 marks)		
		(ii) explain the first aid procedure you will perform on the casualty.	(5 marks)		
	(b)	(i) Define the term 'aircraft danger zone' giving two examples.	(2 marks)		
		(ii) Outline eight precautions to be observed when taxiing a jet aircraft	. (8 marks)		
8.	Disci	Discuss how each of the following human factors affect aviation maintenance proficiency:			
	(a)	lack of communication;	(5 marks)		
	(b)	complacency;	(5 marks)		
	(c)	distraction;	(5 marks)		
	(d)	lack of assertiveness.	(5 marks)		

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